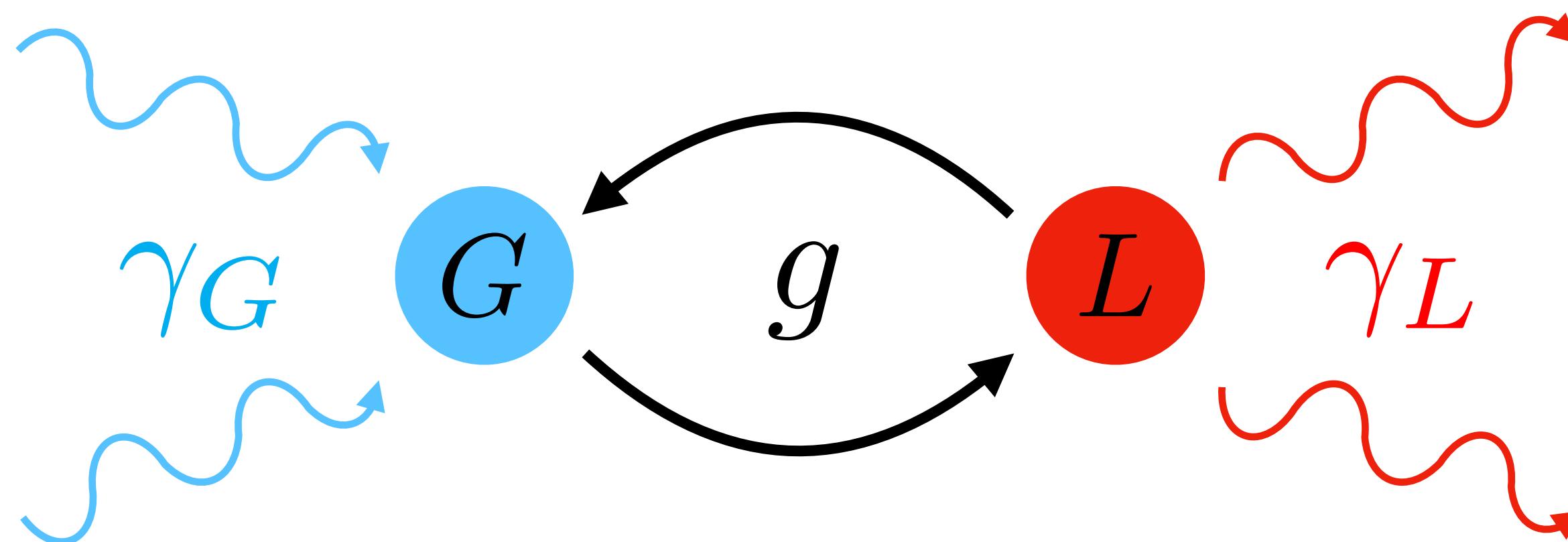


Exploring quantumness in a gain-loss system

Federico Roccati, Salvatore Lorenzo, Massimo Palma, Francesco Ciccarello
arXiv:1907.00975

Trieste Junior Quantum Days
ICTP, July 25th 2019



Teaser

- Increasing interest in **non-Hermitian** Quantum Mechanics
 - C. M. Bender and S. Boettcher, Phys. Rev. Lett. 80, 5243 (1998).
 - C. M. Bender, Rep. Prog. Phys. 70, 947 (2007).
 - C. M. Bender, D. C. Brody, and H. F. Jones, American Journal of Physics 71, 1095 (2003).
- **Experimental** realisations of non-Hermitian **Parity-Time-symmetric** systems

R. El-Ganainy, K. G. Makris, M. Khajavikhan, Z. H. Musslimani, S. Rotter, and D. N. Christodoulides, Nat. Phys. 14, 11 (2018).

L. Feng, R. El-Ganainy, and L. Ge, Nat. Photonics 11, 752 (2017).

S. Longhi, Euro Phys. Lett. 120, 64001 (2017).

C. E. Rueter, K. G. Makris, R. El-Ganainy, D. N. Christodoulides, M. Segev, and D. Kip, Nat. Phys. 6, 192 (2010).

A. Regensburger, C. Bersch, M.-A. Miri, G. Onishchukov, D. N. Christodoulides, and U. Peschel, Na- ture 488, 167 (2012).

B. Peng, S. K. Ozdemir, F. Lei, F. Monifi, M. Gianfreda, G. L. Long, S. Fan, F. Nori, C. M. Bender, and L. Yang, Nat. Phys. 10, 394 (2014).

... all classical

- Quantum character of PT symmetric systems is still an **open problem**

W. Cao, X. Lu, X. Meng, J. Sun, H. Shen, and Y. Xiao, arXiv:1903.12213 [quant-ph] (2019), arXiv: 1903.12213.

Fring, Andreas, and Thomas Frith. "Eternal life of entropy in non-Hermitian quantum systems." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1905.07348* (2019).

Chakraborty, Subhadeep, and Amarendra K. Sarma. "Delayed sudden death of entanglement at exceptional points." *arXiv preprint arXiv:1906.00222* (2019).

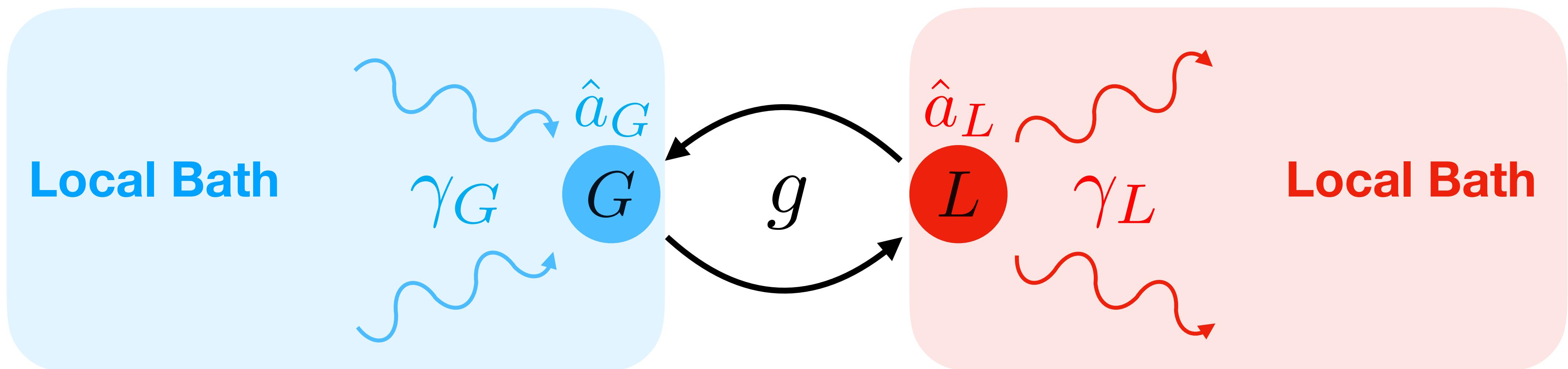
H. Schomerus, Phys. Rev. Lett. 104, 233601 (2010). G. Yoo, H.-S. Sim, and H. Schomerus, Phys. Rev. A 84, 063833 (2011).

G. S. Agarwal and K. Qu, Phys. Rev. A 85, 031802 (2012). S. Longhi, Opt. Lett. 43, 5371 (2018).

S. Vashahri-Ghamsari, B. He, and M. Xiao, Phys. Rev. A 96, 033806 (2017) and Phys. Rev. A 99, 023819 (2019).

Gain-loss system

$$H = g (\hat{a}_L^\dagger \hat{a}_G + \hat{a}_L \hat{a}_G^\dagger).$$



S. Scheel and A. Szameit, Euro Phys. Lett. 122, 34001 (2018).

D. Dast, D. Haag, H. Cartarius, and G. Wunner, Phys. Rev. A 90, 052120 (2014).

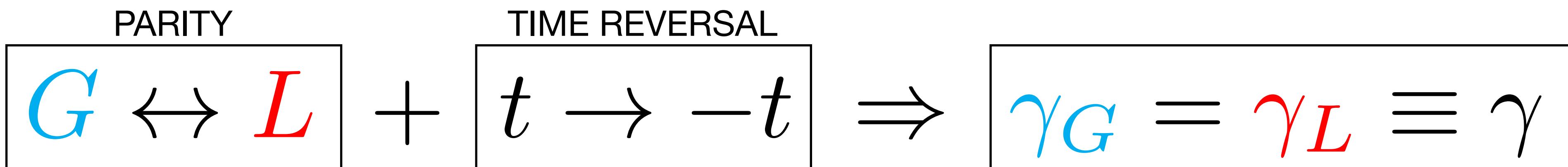
$$\dot{\rho} = -i[H, \rho] + 2\gamma_L \mathcal{D}[\hat{a}_L]\rho + 2\gamma_G \mathcal{D}[\hat{a}_G^\dagger]\rho$$

Mean-field dynamics

$$i \frac{d}{dt} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \hat{a}_L \rangle \\ \langle \hat{a}_G \rangle \end{pmatrix} = \begin{pmatrix} -i\gamma_L & g \\ g & i\gamma_G \end{pmatrix} \begin{pmatrix} \langle \hat{a}_L \rangle \\ \langle \hat{a}_G \rangle \end{pmatrix}$$

- Typical example of non-Hermitian “Hamiltonian”
 - Generally two **complex** eigenvalues, non-orthogonal eigenstates
 - Parity Time (PT) symmetry:

R. El-Ganainy, K. G. Makris, M. Khajavikhan, Z. H. Musslimani, S. Rotter, and D. N. Christodoulides, Nat. Phys. 14, 11 (2018).
 C. E. Rueter, K. G. Makris, R. El-Ganainy, D. N. Christodoulides, M. Segev, and D. Kip, Nat. Phys. 6, 192 (2010).

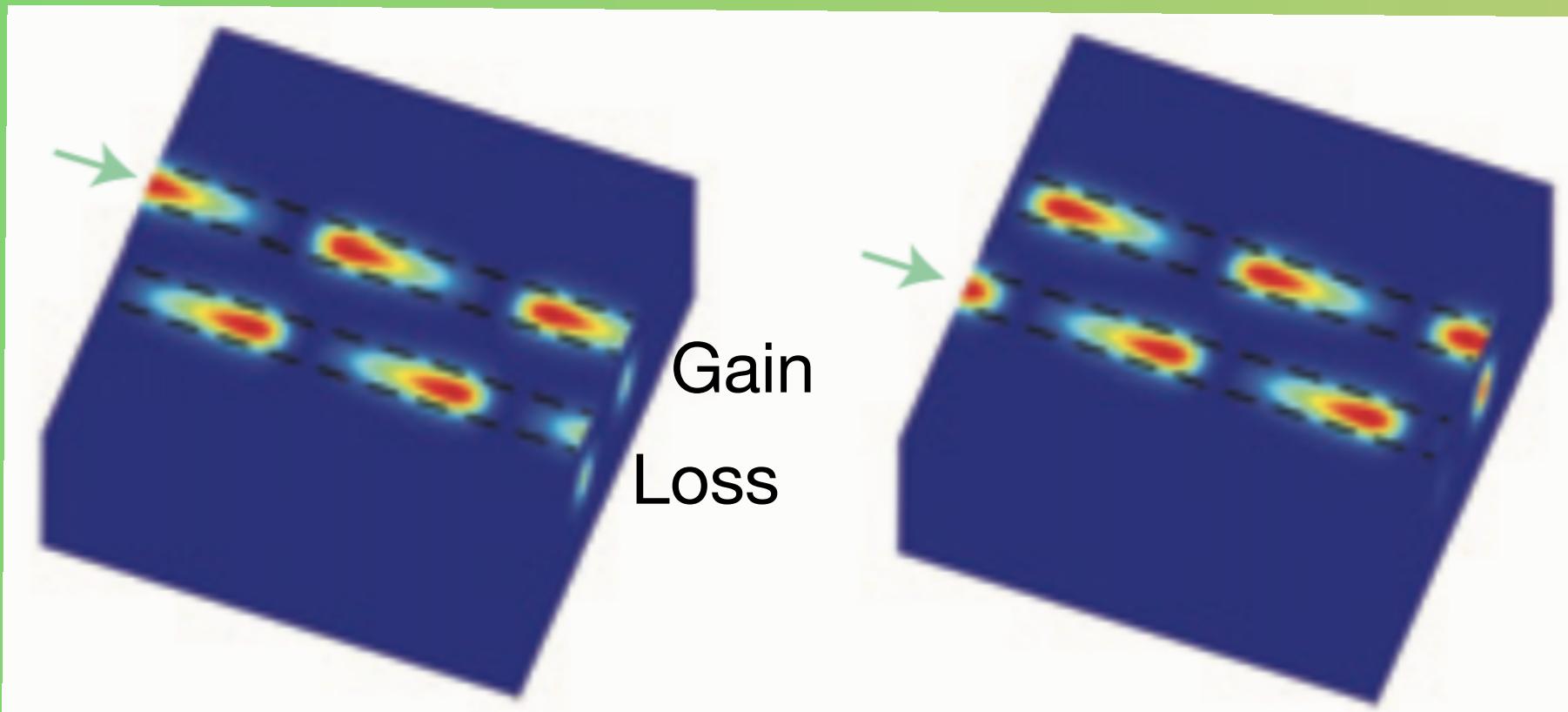


Mean-field dynamics - PT symmetry

EXACT PHASE

$$\gamma < g$$

- Real eigenvalues
- Non-orthogonal eigenvectors



EXCEPTIONAL POINT

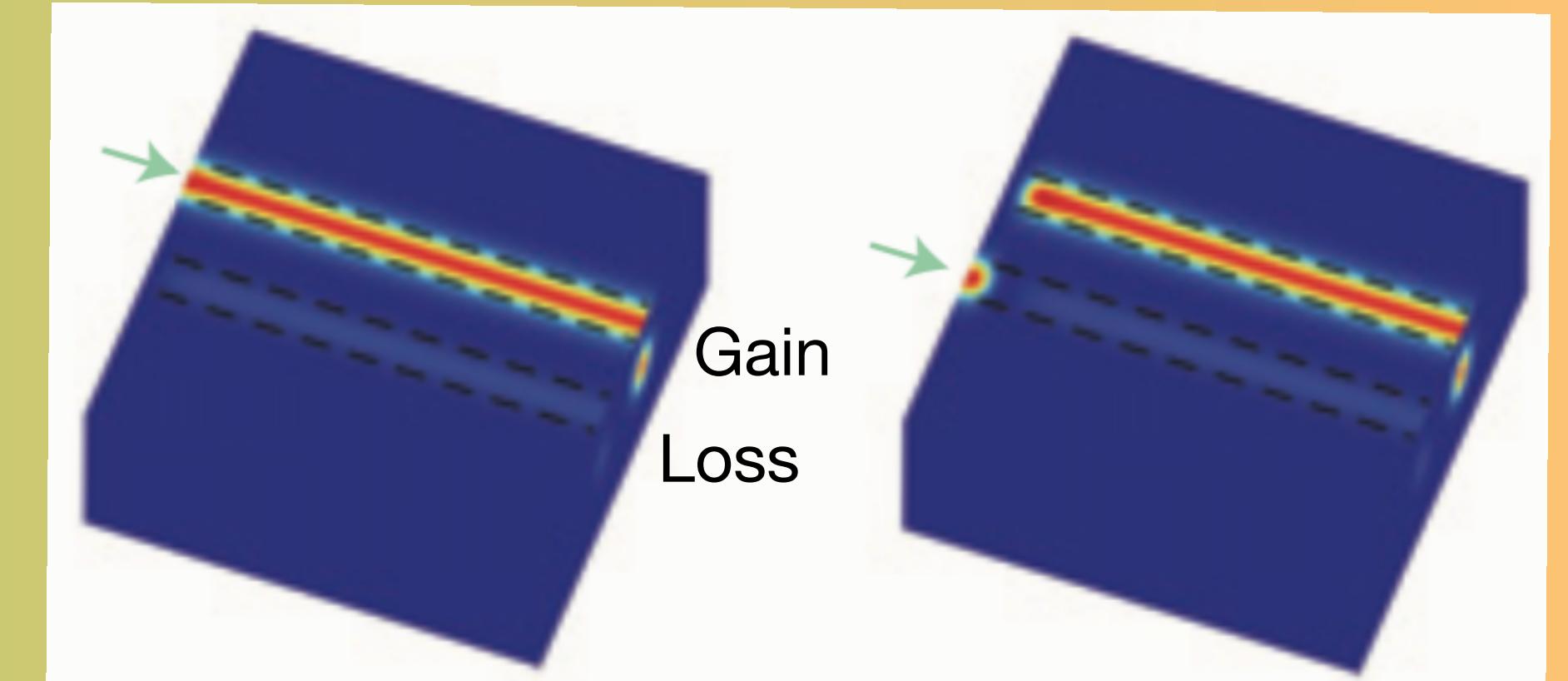
$$\gamma = g$$

- Coalescing eigenvalues
- Parallel eigenvectors

BROKEN PHASE

$$\gamma > g$$

- Imaginary eigenvalues
- Non-orthogonal eigenvectors



C. E. Rueter, K. G. Makris, R. El-Ganainy, D. N. Christodoulides, M. Segev, and D. Kip, Nat. Phys. 6, 192 (2010).

Second-moment dynamics

- $\hat{E} \propto (\hat{a} + \hat{a}^\dagger) \longrightarrow \text{quantum uncertainties} \propto \langle \hat{a}_L^\dagger \hat{a}_L \rangle, \langle \hat{a}_G^\dagger \hat{a}_G \rangle, \langle \hat{a}_L^\dagger \hat{a}_G \rangle, \dots$
- Encoded in the 4×4 **covariance matrix**:

$$\sigma_{ij} = \langle \hat{X}_i \hat{X}_j + \hat{X}_j \hat{X}_i \rangle$$

$$\hat{X} = (\hat{x}_L, \hat{p}_L, \hat{x}_G, \hat{p}_G)$$

(quadratures)

C. Gardiner and P. Zoller, Quantum Noise: A Handbook of Markovian and Non-Markovian Quantum Stochastic Methods with Applications to Quantum Optics, 3rd ed., Springer Series in Synergetics (Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, 2004).

Second-moment dynamics

uncertainties on **local** fields

$$\langle \hat{a}_L^\dagger \hat{a}_L \rangle, \langle \hat{a}_G^\dagger \hat{a}_G \rangle, \dots$$

$$\sigma = \begin{pmatrix} L & C \\ C^T & G \end{pmatrix}$$

cross correlations

$$\langle \hat{a}_L^\dagger \hat{a}_G \rangle, \dots$$

- Time evolution:

$$\dot{\sigma} = Y\sigma + \sigma Y^T + 4D$$

C. Gardiner and P. Zoller, Quantum Noise: A Handbook of Markovian and Non-Markovian Quantum Stochastic Methods with Applications to Quantum Optics, 3rd ed., Springer Series in Synergetics (Springer-Verlag, Berlin Heidelberg, 2004).

- Focus on **Gaussian** states:

$$\rho \xleftrightarrow{1-1} \sigma$$

(up to local displacement)

G. Adesso, S. Ragy, and A. R. Lee, Open Syst. Inf. Dyn. 21, 1440001 (2014).

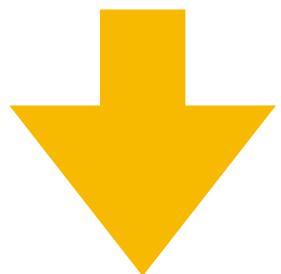
Classical and quantum correlations

Pure states

Quantum Correlations

=

Entanglement



Classical

=

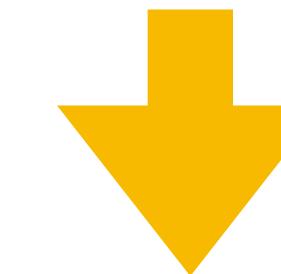
Separable

Mixed states

Quantum Correlations



Entanglement



Quantum Correlations in
“classical-looking” states:
Quantum Discord

Classical and quantum correlations

Classical

Mutual
Information

==

$$S(G) + S(L) - S(GL)$$

==

Classical
Correlations

$$S(G) - S(G|L) = S(L) - S(L|G)$$

Classical and quantum correlations

Quantum

**Mutual
Information**

$$S(\rho_G) + S(\rho_L) - S(\rho_{GL})$$

M. A. Nielsen and I. L. Chuang, Quantum Computation and Quantum Information: 10th Anniversary Edition, anniversary edizione ed. (Cambridge University Press, Cambridge ; New York, 2010).

**Classical
Correlations**

more difficult to upgrade...

Classical and quantum correlations

- Quantum version of Classical Correlations

$$C_{GL} = S(\rho_L) - \min_{\text{local POVM measurements on } G} \sum_k p_k S(\rho_{L|k})$$

Diagram illustrating the components of the Quantum Generalized Mutual Information (C_{GL}):

- The expression $S(\rho_L)$ is the entropy of the total system L.
- The term $\min_{\hat{G}_k}$ represents the minimum value obtained by performing local POVM measurements on system G.
- The summation \sum_k represents the sum over all measurement outcomes k.
- The term p_k is the probability of outcome k.
- The term $S(\rho_{L|k})$ is the conditional entropy of system L given the outcome k.
- Arrows point from the labels to their corresponding terms in the equation:

 - An arrow points from "local POVM measurements on G" to \hat{G}_k .
 - An arrow points from "probability of outcome k" to p_k .
 - An arrow points from "state of L after measurement on G" to $S(\rho_{L|k})$.

Classical and quantum correlations

- Quantum version of Classical Correlations

$$C_{GL} = S(\rho_L) - \min_{\text{local POVM measurements on } G} \sum_k p_k S(\rho_{L|k})$$

local POVM measurements on G \hat{G}_k k probability of outcome k state of L after measurement on G

- Quantum Discord

$$\mathcal{D}_{GL} = I - C_{GL}$$

Total Correlation I Classical Correlations C_{GL}

Pure Quantum Correlations!

H. Ollivier and W. H. Zurek, Phys. Rev. Lett. 88, 017901 (2001).

L. Henderson and V. Vedral, J. Phys. A: Math. Gen. 34, 6899 (2001).

K. Modi, A. Brodutch, H. Cable, T. Paterek, and V. Vedral, Rev. Mod.

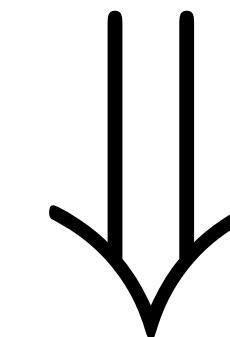
Phys. 84, 1655 (2012).

Classical and quantum correlations

Quantum Discord

- Asymmetric
- Discord  Entanglement
- Gaussian Discord
- Gaussian States

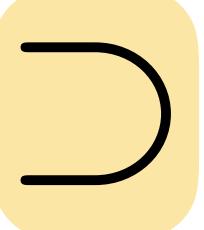
$$C_{GL} \neq C_{LG}$$

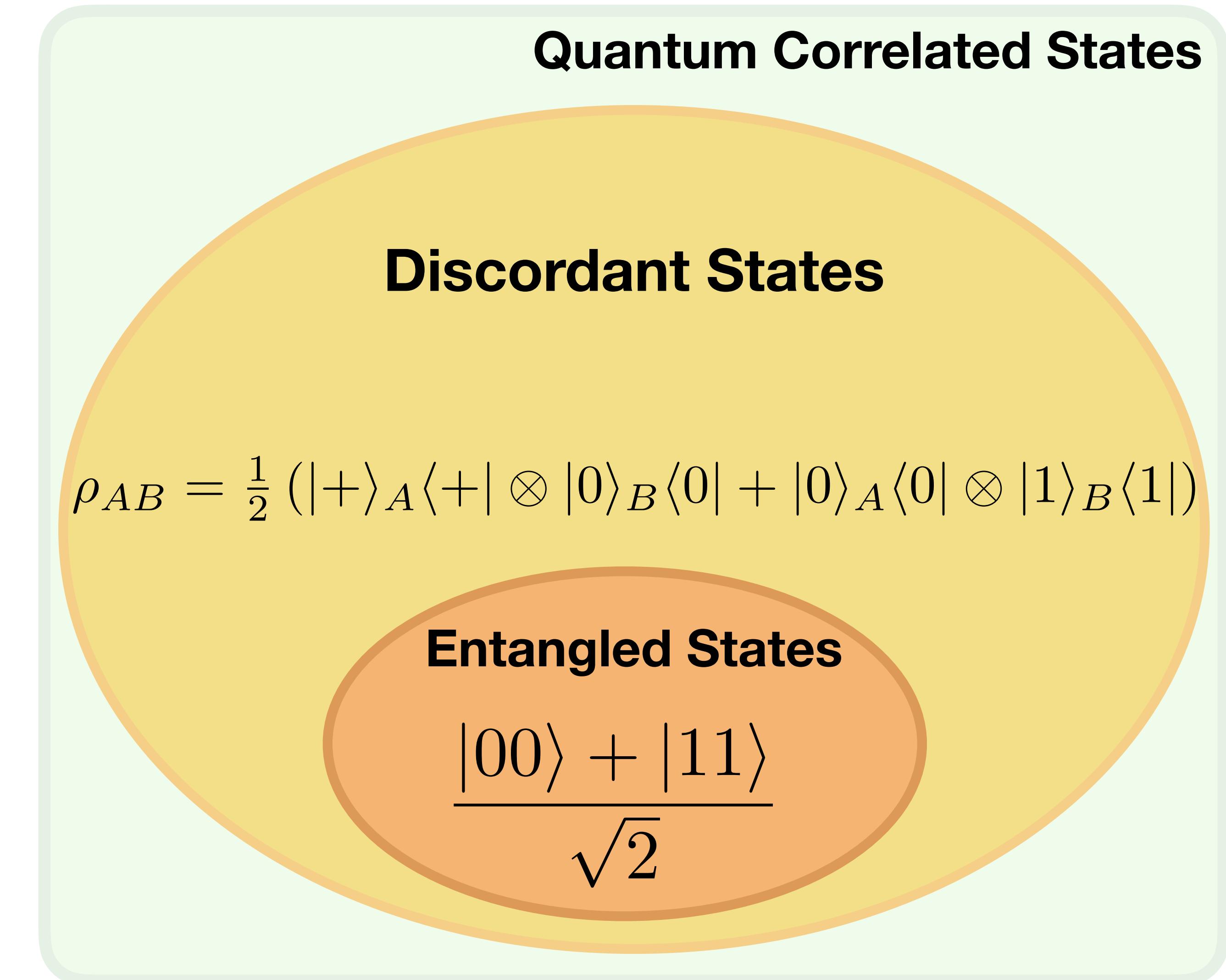


$$\mathcal{D}_{GL} \neq \mathcal{D}_{LG}$$

Classical and quantum correlations

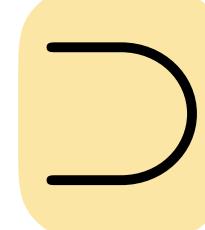
Quantum Discord

- Asymmetric
- Discord  Entanglement
- Gaussian Discord
- Gaussian States



Classical and quantum correlations

Quantum Discord

- Asymmetric
- Discord  Entanglement
- Gaussian Discord
- Gaussian States

$$C_{GL} = S(\rho_L) - \min_k \sum_k p_k S(\rho_{L|k})$$

Gaussian measurements

- **Analytical Formula**

$$\mathcal{I} \rightarrow \mathcal{I}(\sigma)$$

$$C_{GL} \rightarrow C_{GL}(\sigma)$$

$$\mathcal{D}_{GL} \rightarrow \mathcal{D}_{GL}(\sigma)$$

P. Giorda and M. G. A. Paris, Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 020503 (2010).

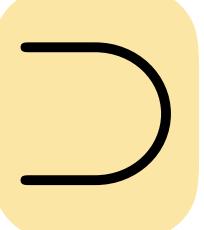
G. Adesso and A. Datta, Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 030501 (2010).

- **Optimal**

S. Pirandola, G. Spedalieri, S. L. Braunstein, N. J. Cerf, and S. Lloyd, Phys. Rev. Lett. 113, 140405 (2014).

Classical and quantum correlations

Quantum Discord

- Asymmetric
- Discord  Entanglement
- **Gaussian** Discord
- **Gaussian States**

- Separable $\Rightarrow 0 < \mathcal{D} < 1$
- Entangled $\Rightarrow \mathcal{D} > 1$

G. Adesso and A. Datta, Phys. Rev. Lett. 105, 030501 (2010).

Dynamics of quantum correlations

$$\rho_0 = |\alpha_G\rangle\langle\alpha_G| \otimes |\alpha_L\rangle\langle\alpha_L| \longleftrightarrow \sigma_0 = \mathbb{1}_4$$

No initial correlations!

G. Adesso, S. Ragy, and A. R. Lee, Open Syst. Inf. Dyn. 21, 1440001 (2014).

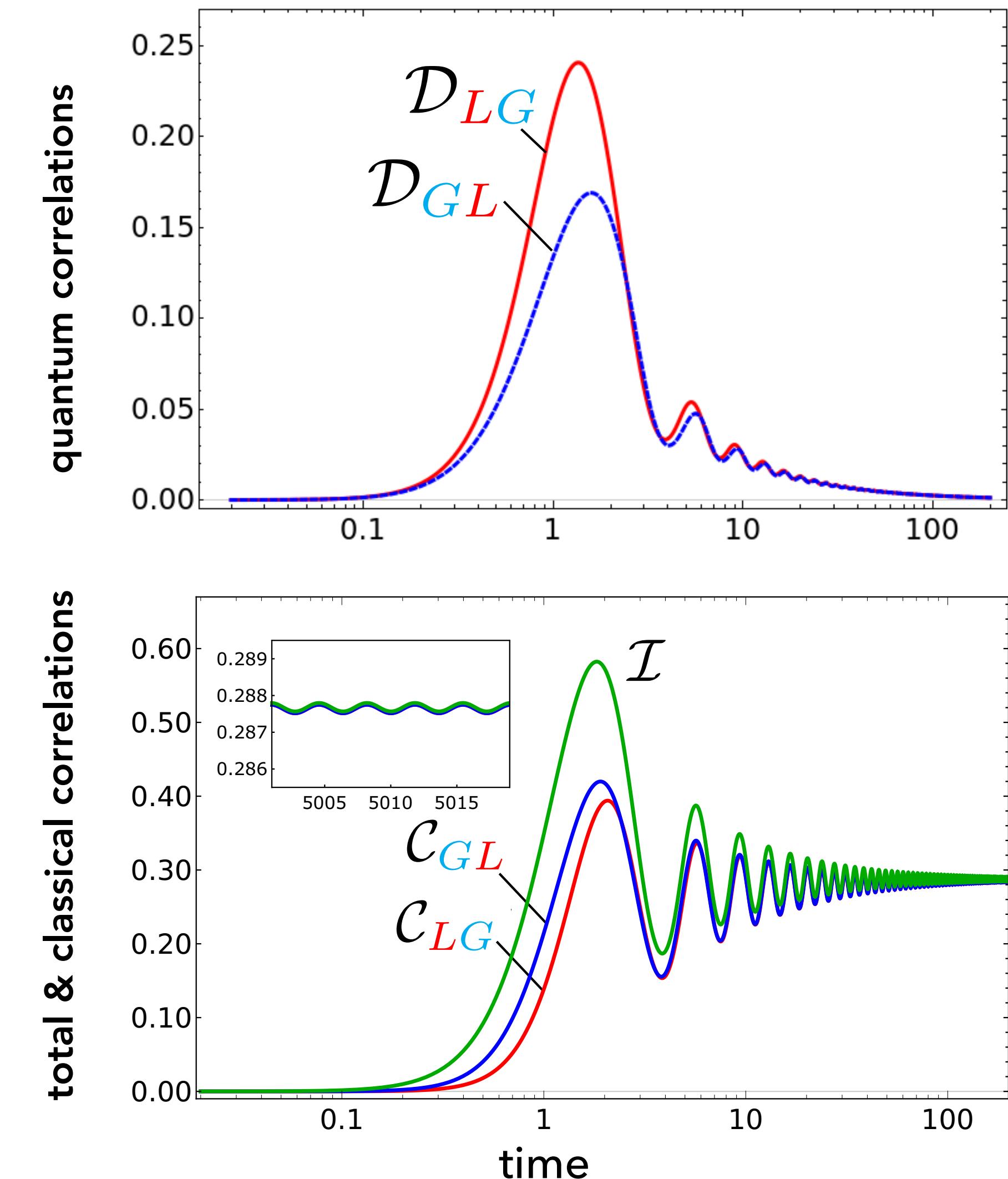
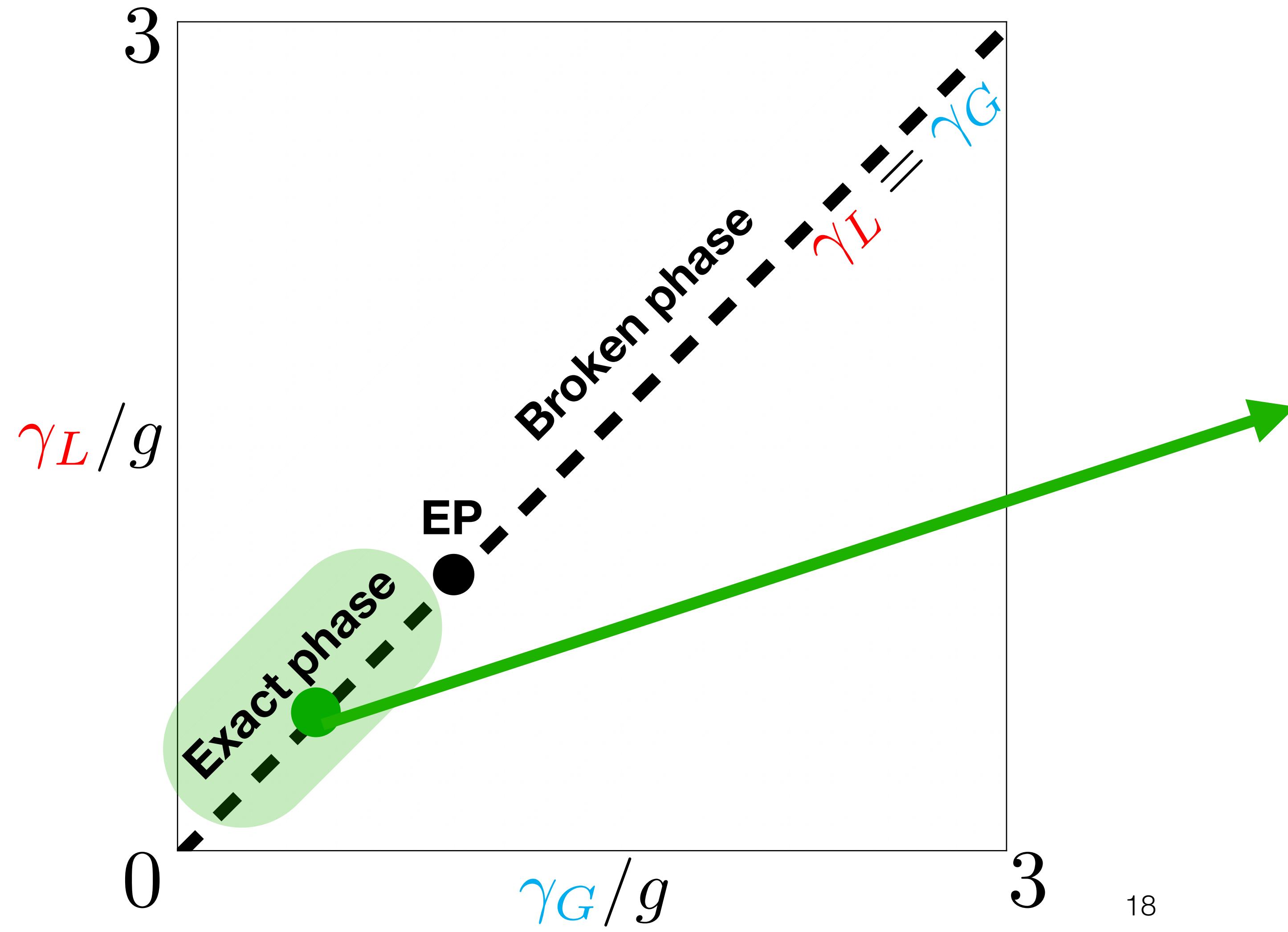
**Gain / Loss channel:
LOCAL**

Coupling:
BEAM SPLITTER LIKE

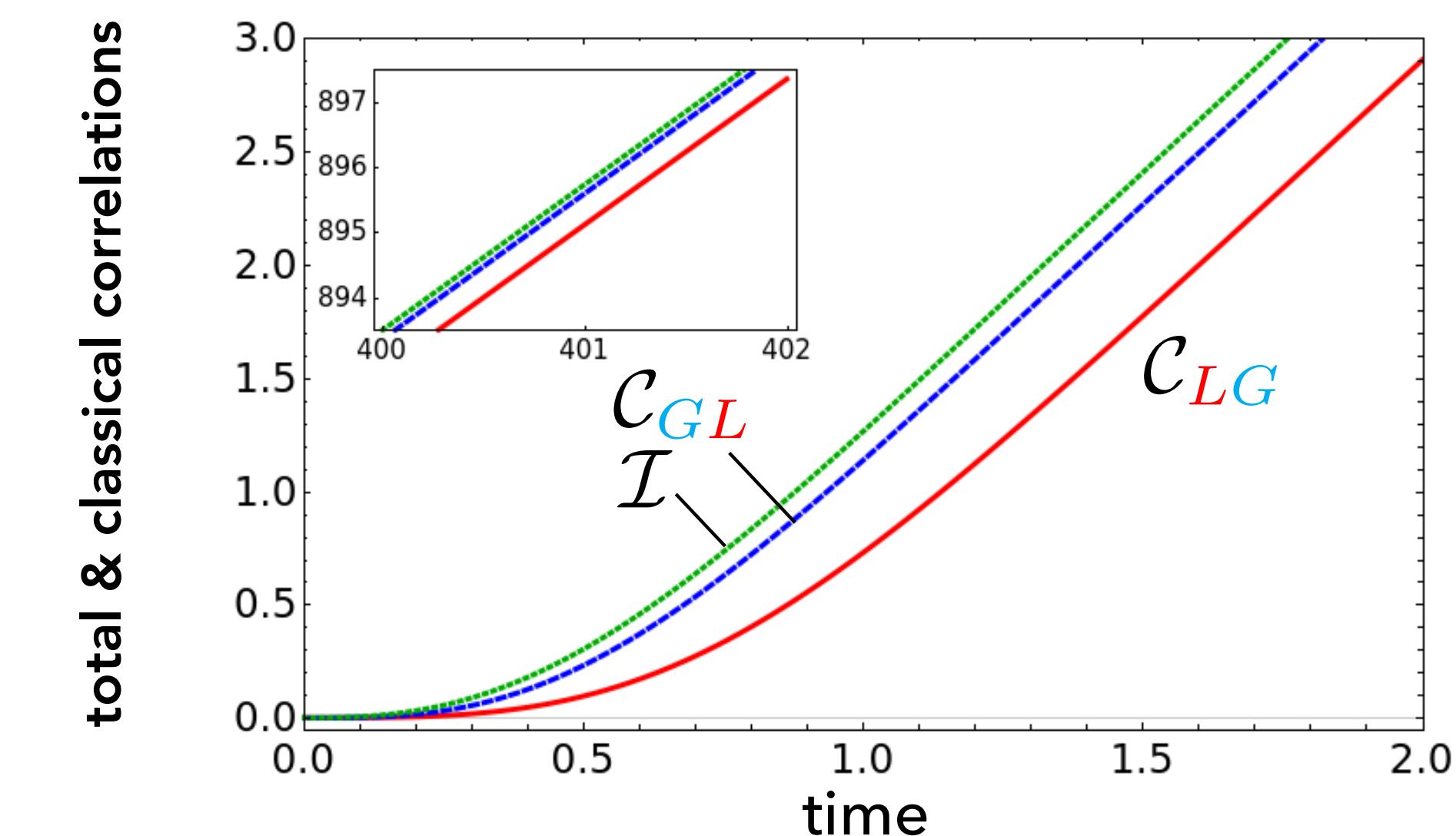
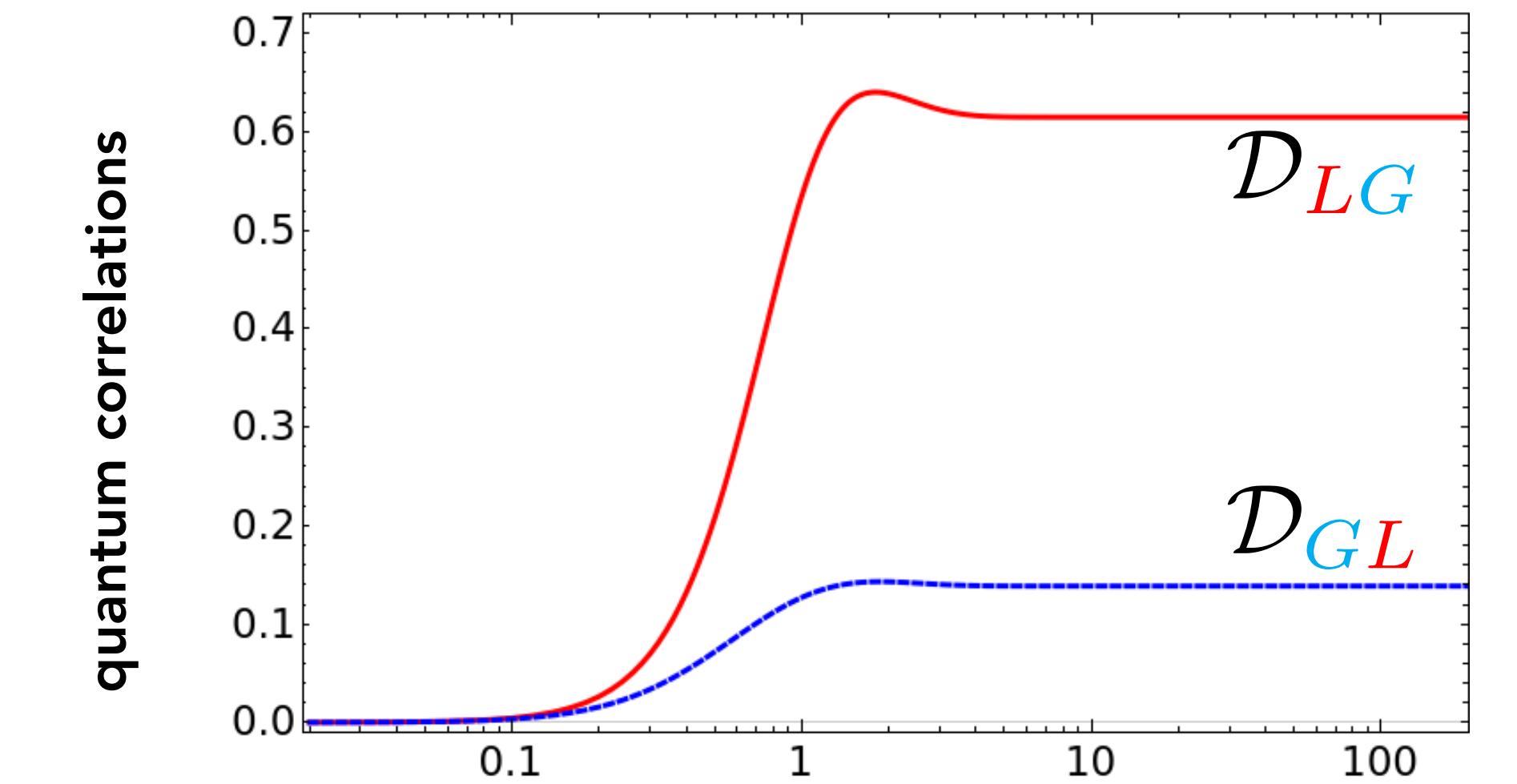
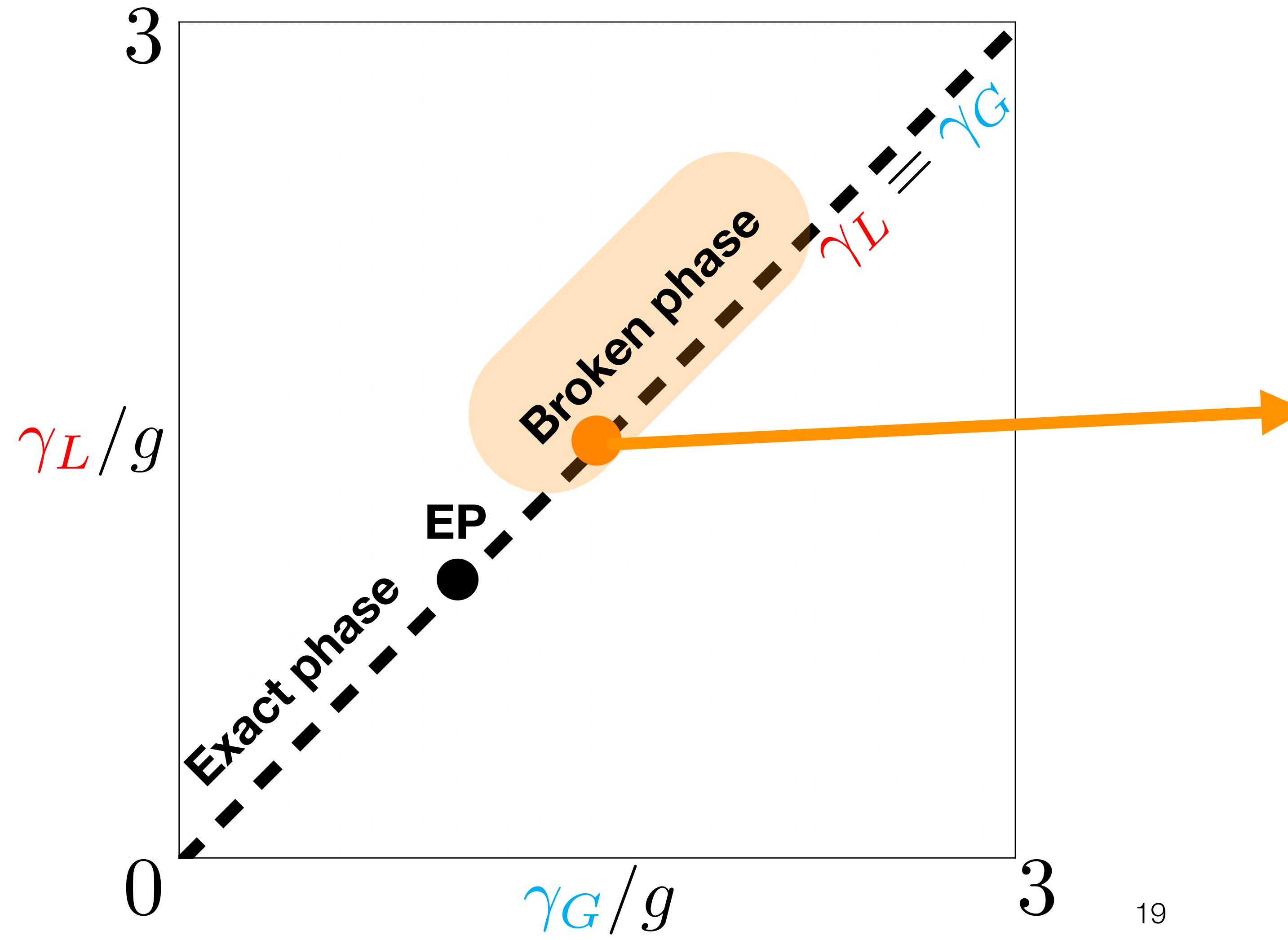
**NO
ENTANGLEMENT**

M. S. Kim, W. Son, V. Buzek, and P. L. Knight, Phys. Rev. A 65, 032323 (2002).

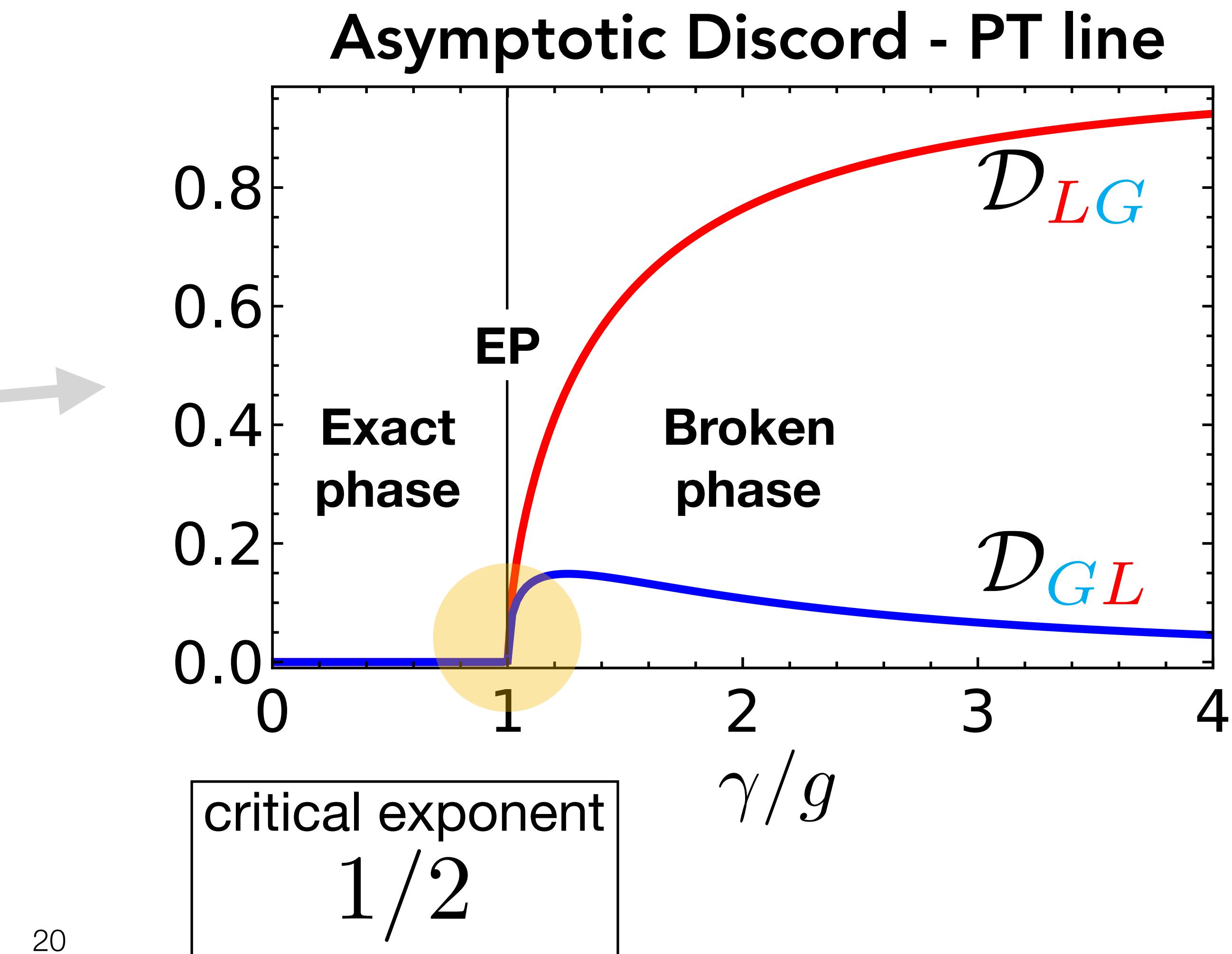
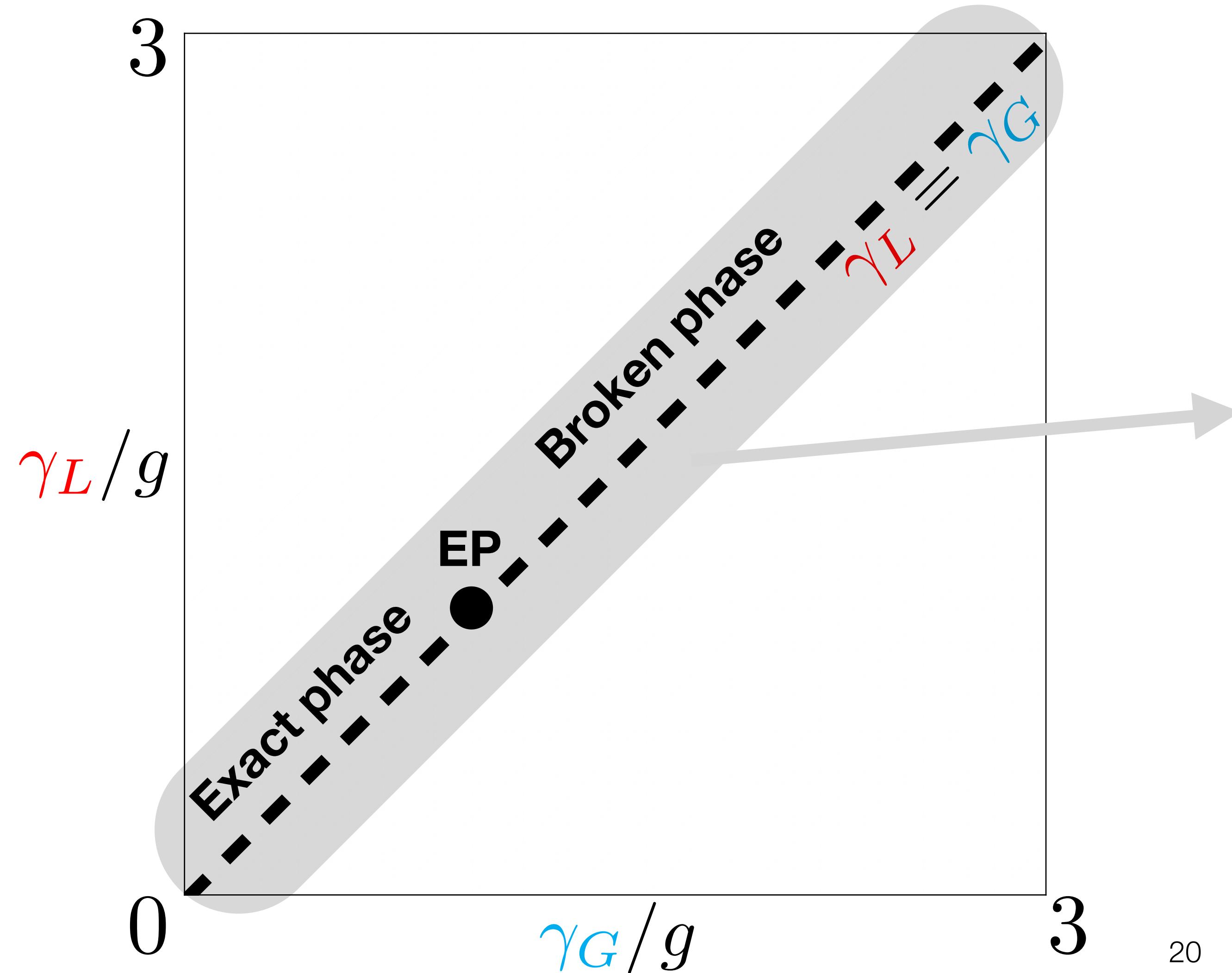
Dynamics of quantum correlations



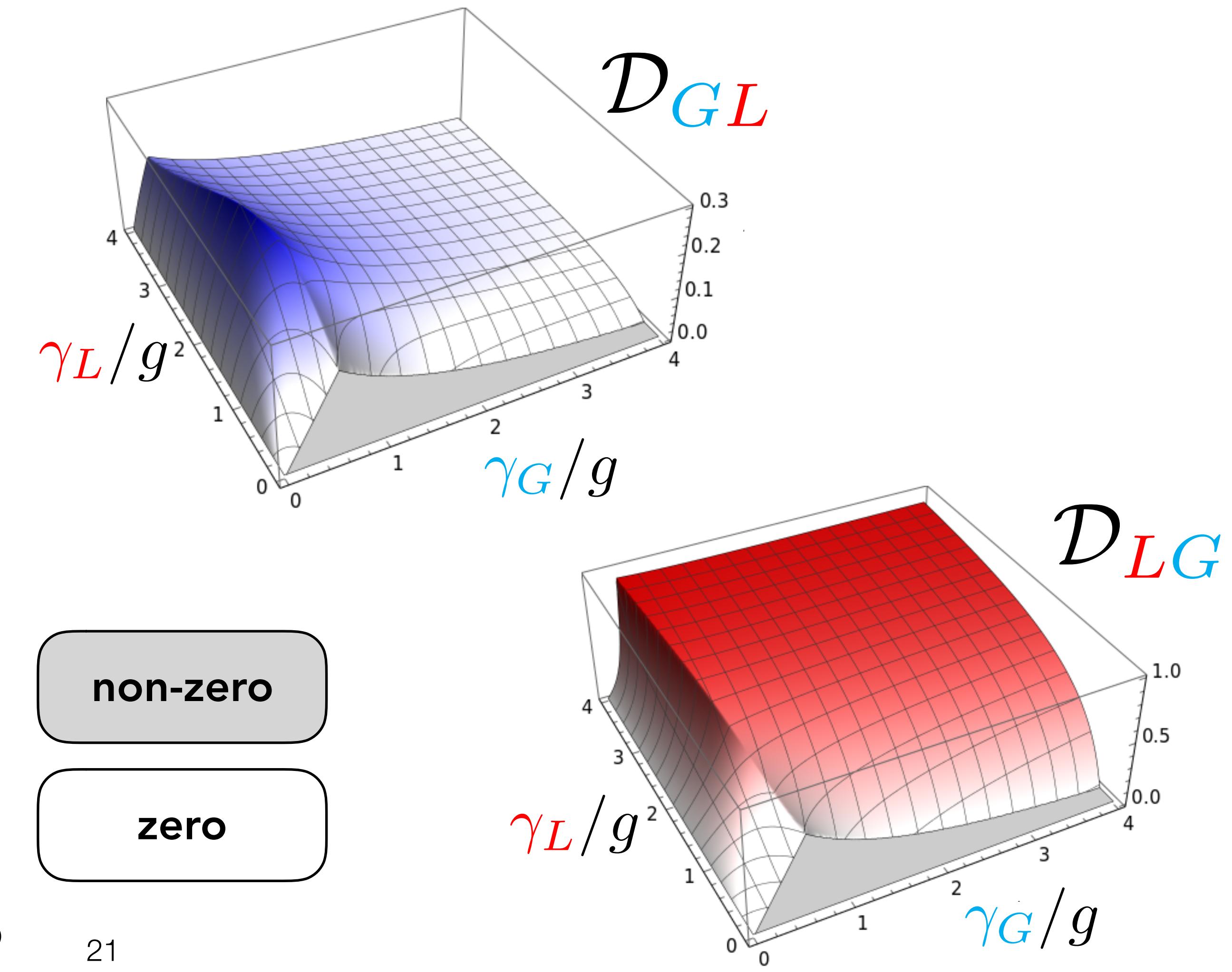
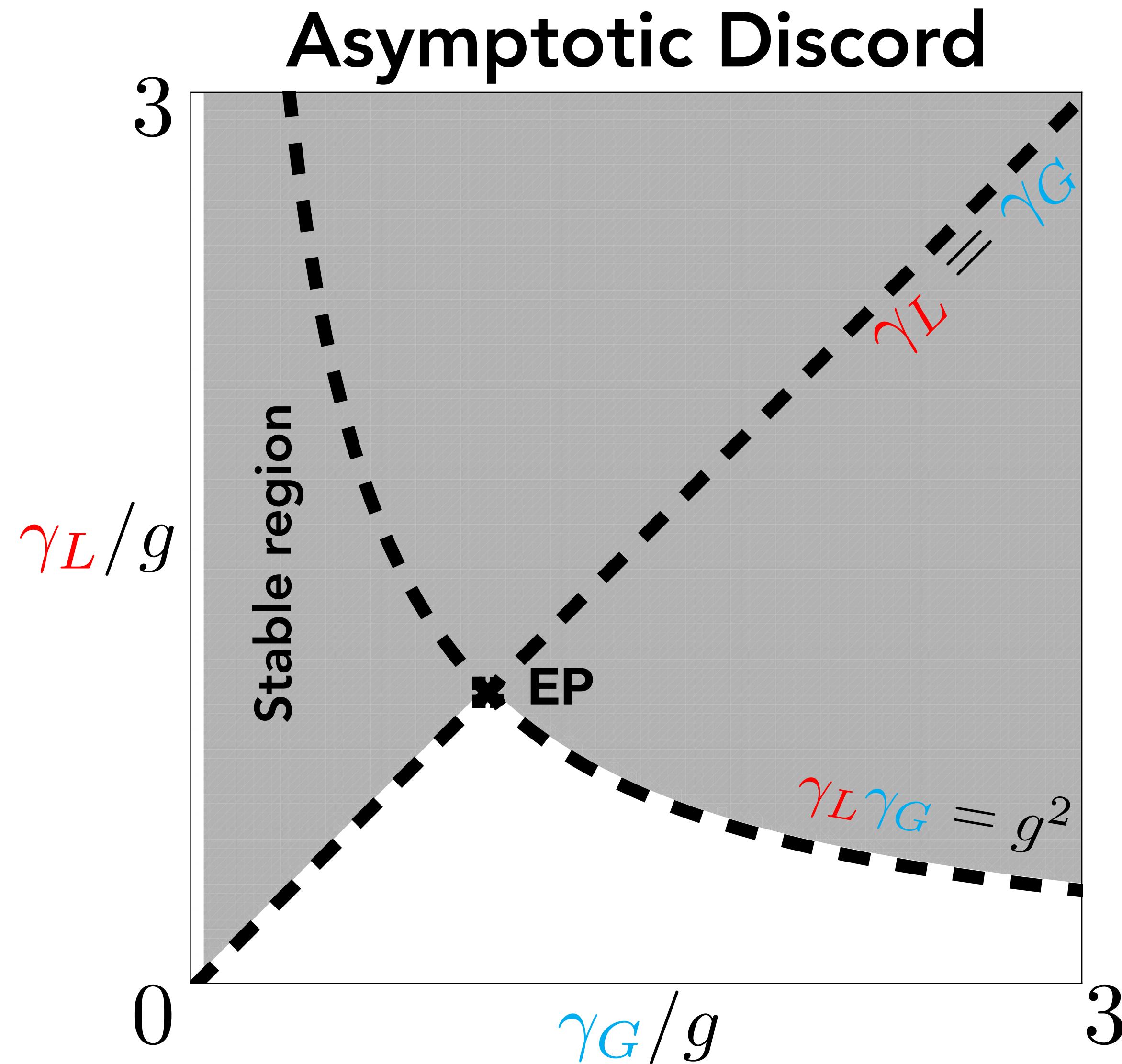
Dynamics of quantum correlations



Dynamics of quantum correlations



Dynamics of quantum correlations



Physical interpretation

Discord Generation (~clear..)

Loss

$$|\alpha\rangle \rightarrow |\eta\alpha\rangle, \quad \eta < 1$$

Purity unaffected

S. Haroche and J.-M. Raimond, Exploring the Quantum: Atoms, Cavities, and Photons (Oxford University Press, 2006).

Coupling

$$\begin{aligned} |\alpha\rangle\langle\alpha| \otimes |\beta\rangle\langle\beta| \\ \downarrow \\ |\tilde{\alpha}\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}| \otimes |\tilde{\beta}\rangle\langle\tilde{\beta}| \end{aligned}$$

Beam splitter

S. Haroche and J.-M. Raimond, Exploring the Quantum: Atoms, Cavities, and Photons (Oxford University Press, 2006).

Gain

$$\begin{aligned} |\alpha\rangle\langle\alpha| \\ \downarrow \\ \int d^2\alpha' P(\alpha') |\alpha'\rangle\langle\alpha'| \end{aligned}$$

- Purity diminished
- Superposition of non orthogonal states

S. Scheel and A. Szameit, Euro Phys. Lett. 122, 34001 (2018).
N. Korolkova and G. Leuchs, Rep. Prog. Phys. 82, 056001 (2019).

Physical interpretation

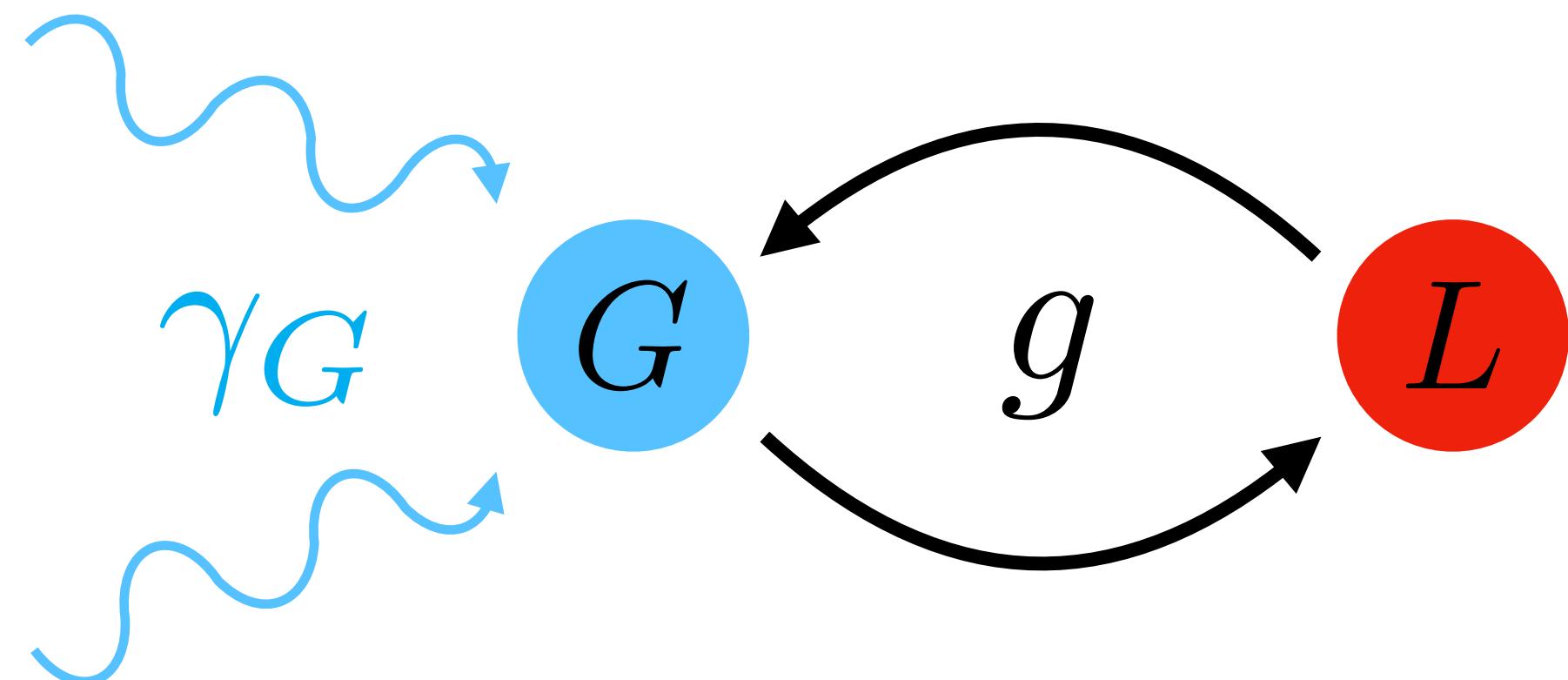
Discord Generation (~clear..)

$$\rho_0 = |\alpha_G\rangle\langle\alpha_G| \otimes |\alpha_L\rangle\langle\alpha_L|$$



$$\int d^2\tilde{\alpha}'_G P(\tilde{\alpha}'_G) |\tilde{\alpha}'_G\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_G| \otimes |\tilde{\alpha}'_L\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_L|$$

N. Korolkova and G. Leuchs, Rep. Prog. Phys. 82, 056001 (2019).



Physical interpretation

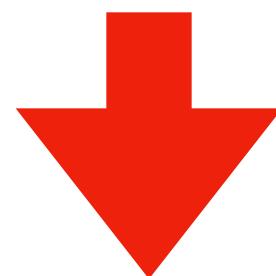
Discord Generation (~clear..) ... & stabilisation (~?)

$$\rho_0 = |\alpha_G\rangle\langle\alpha_G| \otimes |\alpha_L\rangle\langle\alpha_L|$$

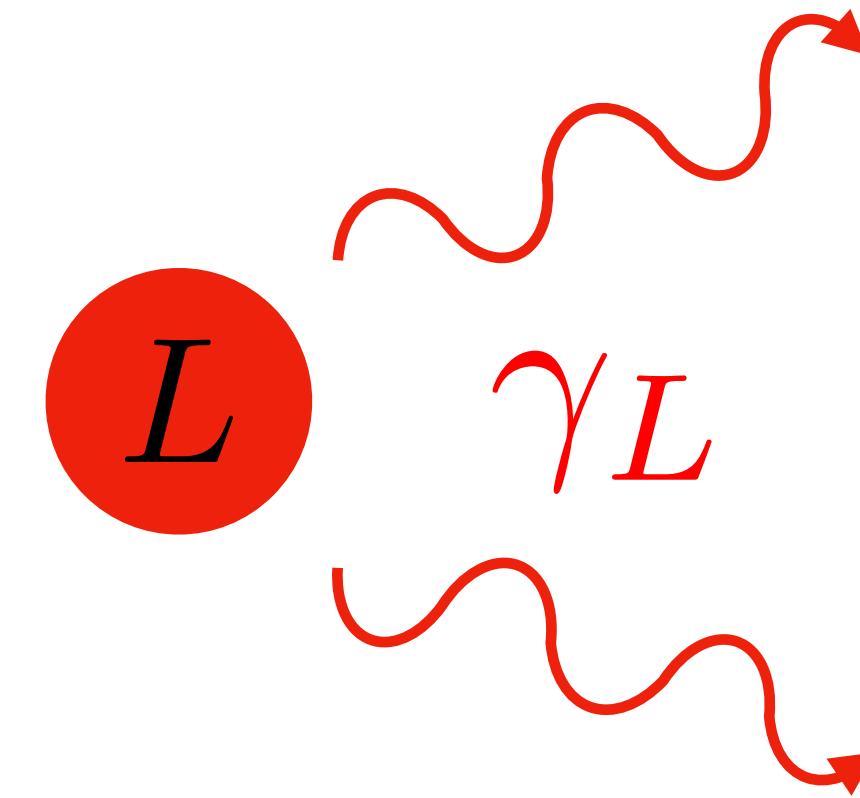


$$\int d^2\tilde{\alpha}'_G P(\tilde{\alpha}'_G) |\tilde{\alpha}'_G\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_G| \otimes |\tilde{\alpha}'_L\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_L|$$

N. Korolkova and G. Leuchs, Rep. Prog. Phys. 82, 056001 (2019).



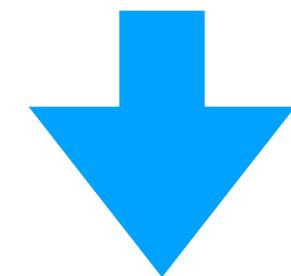
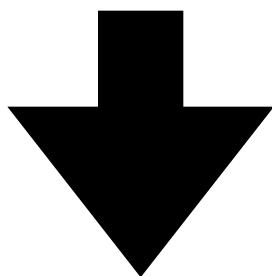
$$\int d^2\tilde{\alpha}'_G P(\tilde{\alpha}'_G) |\tilde{\alpha}'_G\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_G| \otimes |\eta\tilde{\alpha}'_L\rangle\langle\eta\tilde{\alpha}'_L|$$



Physical interpretation

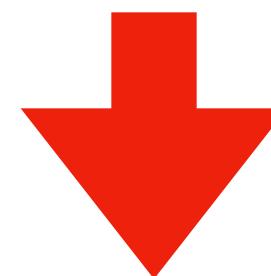
Discord Generation (~clear..) ... & stabilisation (~?)

$$\rho_0 = |\alpha_G\rangle\langle\alpha_G| \otimes |\alpha_L\rangle\langle\alpha_L|$$



$$\int d^2\tilde{\alpha}'_G P(\tilde{\alpha}'_G) |\tilde{\alpha}'_G\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_G| \otimes |\tilde{\alpha}'_L\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_L|$$

N. Korolkova and G. Leuchs, Rep. Prog. Phys. 82, 056001 (2019).



$$\int d^2\tilde{\alpha}'_G P(\tilde{\alpha}'_G) |\tilde{\alpha}'_G\rangle\langle\tilde{\alpha}'_G| \otimes |\eta\tilde{\alpha}'_L\rangle\langle\eta\tilde{\alpha}'_L|$$

In a $L - L$ or
 $G - G$ system

~~Stable Quantum Correlations~~

Stable Quantum Correlations

Highlights

- Quantum properties of PT symmetric system
- For equal **gain** and **loss** rates **Quantum Correlations (QCs)** **decay** in the **exact** phase and are **finite** in the **broken** phase

- **Gain:** creation of QCs.

Gain/Loss: stabilisation of QCs

- Useful for Quantum Technologies

G. Adesso, T. R. Bromley, and M. Cianciaruso, J. Phys. A: Math. Theor. 49, 473001 (2016).

- ▶ information encoding
- ▶ remote state preparation
- ▶ entanglement activation
- ▶ entanglement distribution

M. Gu, H. M. Chrzanowski, S. M. Assad, T. Symul, K. Modi, T. C. Ralph, V. Vedral, and P. K. Lam, Nat. Phys. 8, 671 (2012).

B. Dakic, Y. O. Lipp, X. Ma, M. Ringbauer, S. Kropatschek, S. Barz, T. Paterek, V. Vedral, A. Zeilinger, C. Brukner, and P. Walther, Nat. Phys. 8, 666 (2012).

M. Piani, S. Gharibian, G. Adesso, J. Calsamiglia, P. Horodecki, and A. Winter, Phys. Rev. Lett. 106, 220403 (2011).

C. E. Vollmer, D. Schulze, T. Eberle, V. Haendchen, J. Fiurasek, and R. Schnabel, Phys. Rev. Lett. 111, 230505 (2013).

Thank you!

